			•
FMEA NO2,2,1 CRITICALITY2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506.508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 1 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present. IVC Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 A4 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 A?- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A13- Master Oscillator 2295527-1	Loss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	DESIGN FEATURES The TVC/Lens Assembly is comprised of 16 electrical sub are RCA Astro designed and fabricated using standard presentation. The remaining three assemblies, high vol and stepper motors, are vendor supplied components whice purchased according to RCA Specification Control Drawin neering and reliability assurance. Specifications per establish the design, performance, test, qualification, for a procured piece of equipment. Parts, materials, processes, and design guidelines for specified in accordance with RCA 2295503. This documen ments for selection and control of EEE parts. To the movith availability, all parts have been selected from middle JAN level, as a minimum. In addition to the overall segeneral purpose preferred parts has been defined by this ment Systems Division Standard Parts List. In the case microcircuits, devices are screened and tested to the M procured under the designations of HI-REL/3WQ and SNC 5. Instruments Corp, respectively. Parts not included in used in the design only after a nonstandard item approving pared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering (I have specific application(s) defined in the NSIAF by NAS. Worst-Case Circuit Analyses have been performed and doc designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating marging conditions. The analysis was worst case-in that the varian parameters was set to limits that will drive the output A component application review and analysis was conduct stress on each piece part by the temperature extremes in qualification testing does not exceed the stress deratic 2295503. In addition, an objective examination of the design was CDR to verify that the IVC/Lens assembly met specification ments.	assemblies; 13 subassemblies inted-circuit board type of tage power supply, oscillator, h have been specified and gs (SCDs) prepared by engithe SCD are prepared to and acceptance requirements the Shuttle CCTV program are t defines the program requireaximum extent, and consistent litary specifications at the lection criteria, a subset of s document and the RCA Governof the CMOS and TTL family of RL-STD-883C equivalent and ALS from RCA-SSD and Texas the above documents have been all form (NSIAF) has been pre-RAE) and approved for use in A-JSC. Jumented for all circuit sexist for all operating live for each of the variable to a maximum (or minimum). Led to verify that the applied dentified with environmental ing values identified in RCA
•		I .	

UNIT TVC/CLA 2294819-506.508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. __2,2,1 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET CRITICALITY __2/2_ FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE DESIGN FEATURES No output signal to the VSU. Loss of camera output Neither video or synchronization depicting scene informa-BARE BOARD DESIGN (A), A4, A6, A7) tion within FOV of lens information is present. assembly. The design for the associated boards A1, A4, A6, A7, are constructed from laminated copper-clad epoxy glass sheets (NEMA G-10) Grade FR-4), PER MIL-P-55617A. Circuit Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider **Worst Case:** connections are made through printed traces which run from point to point on the Chain 2294880-504. Loss of mission board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular ring. The annular ring A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 critical video. surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. This ring A4 - Sync Formatter. Video output provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechanical and electrical drive 2294884-503 performance. Its size and shape are governed by MIL-P-S5640 as are trace widths. A6 - Power On/Off Switching spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated specifically in drawing Input Voltage Preregulators notes to further assure compliance. Variations between the artwork master and the Output Voltage Regulators final product (due to irregularities of the etching process) are also controlled by 2294885-501 drawing notes. This prevents making defective boards from good artwork. Holes which A?- DC-DC converter. Primary house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrically interconnect the different oscillator driver. Secondary board layers, contain stitch bars for mechanical support and increased reliability. Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 Al3- Master Oscillator 2295527-1 The thru holes are drilled from a drill tape thus eliminating the possibility of human error and allowing tight control over hole and annular ring concentricity. an important reliability criterion. After drilling and etching, All copper cladding is tin-lead plated per MIL-STD-1495. This provides for easy and reliable soldering at the time of board assembly, even after periods of prolonged storage. BOARD ASSEMBLY DESIGN (A), A4, A6, A7) All components are installed in a manner which assures maximum reliability. Component leads are pre-tinned, allowing total wetting of solder joints. All leads are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies of large components are staked. Special mounting and handling instructions are included in each drawing required after final assembly. The board is coated with urethane which protects against humidity and contamination.

TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506. 508/ SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. 2.2.1 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET 3 __ OF __ CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE DESIGN FEATURES No output signal to the VSU. Loss of camera output depicting scene informa-Neither video or synchronization tion within FOV of lens BARE BOARD CONSTRUCTION (A2) information is present. assembly. The boards are of "welded wire" construction. At the bare board level this does not IVC distinguish it from a normal PC board except that holes which will take weld pins Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Worst Case: generally are not connected to PC traces. Only those pins which bring power and Loss of mission Chain 2294880-504. ground potentials to the ICs are on PCs. An annular ring surrounds the hole in the A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 critical video. board where each power and ground pin is located. These pins are then soldered to A4 - Sync Formatter. Video output the trace like any other component lead. Aside from this feature, all design drive 2294884-503 & construction techniques used in PC board layout apply. A6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators BOARD ASSEMBLY (A2) Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 The drilled and etched boards are populated with several hundred solderable or A7- DC-DC converter. Primary weldable pins. Power and ground pins, as well as connector pins, are soldered in oscillator driver. Secondary place. Discreet components (resistors, diodes, capacitors) are attached to Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 bifurcated terminals, where they are soldered. Flatpack ICs are welded, Al3- Master Oscillator 2295527-1 lead-by-lead, to the tops of the weld pins. After welding, extra lead material is trimmed away. Circuit connections are made using #30 AWG nickel weld wire. The wire is welded to the pin surfaces on the board backside. All wire welds are done using a machine which is tape driven, thus eliminating the possibility of miswiring due to operator error. All wiring & circuit performance is tested prior to box-level installation. After successful testing, components are staked as required by drawing notes and the assembly is coated with urethane. The board is inserted in the box on card-edge guides, in the same manner as the other PC boards. **BOARD PLACEMENT** The A7-A low voltage power supply board is bolted in place at 6 points around its perimeter. Four of these mounting screws also pass through and tie down the smaller A7-B board. These two boards are mounted face-to-face, separated by the standoffs. Electrical interconnections are achieved by jumper wires between the two boards. The A7-A houses a 34-pin connector which brings in power and signals from outside the module. The A7 module includes these two boards as well as power transistor Q4. The module housing is bent aluminum sheet, comprised of two halves screwed together. The boards and 04 are secured to the lower half, and wired together. Then the upper half is put in place. By mounting Q4 directly to the aluminum housing, good thermal performance is assured. The Al, A2, A4, A6, boards are secured in the electronics assembly by gold-plated beryllium copper card guides. Connections are made to the mother board with blind-mated connectors. Disengagement during launch is prevented by a cover

which spans the board's free edge.

		REVISED 11-3-86
FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 4 0F 9
CAUSE No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present. [VC A1 - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 A4 - Sync formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 A7 - DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/filters 2294886-503 A13 - Master Oscillator 2295527-1	ON END ITEM Loss of camera output depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	The Al3 assembly is a temperature compensated voltage controlled crystal oscillator (ICVXO) that is purchased to a specification controlled drawing that establishes the requirements for performance, design, test, and qualification of the unit. The product assurance provisions of the document contain the identical requirements for electronic parts and materials as the Shuttle CCIV program and must receive the approval of RCA and MASA-JSC. Mechanical and electrical integrity of the assembly is confirmed by both analysis (design reviews) and test (qualification and acceptance). QUALIFICATION IESI for Qualification Test flow, see Table 2 located at the front of this book.

FMEA NO. 2.2.1 CRITICALITY 2/2		CR	SHUTTLE CCTV ITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 5 OF 9
FATLURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANC	£
No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present.	Loss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly.	ACCEPIANCE TEST The CCTV systems' I might be used in the	VC/CLA is subjected directly, withousing to the following	out vibration isolators which
IVC Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 A4 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 A6 - Power On/Off Switching	Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	• Vibration:	20-80Hz: 3 dB/Oct-rise from 80-350 Hz: 0.04 G ² /Hz 350-750 Hz: -3 dB/10 Oct-slope Test Duration: 1 Minute per Axis Test Level: 6.1 Grms	
Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501		• Thermal Vacuum:	In a pressure of 1X10 ⁻⁵ Torr, the follows:	temperature shall be as
Al- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503			125° F: Time to stablize equipmer 25° F: Time to stablize equipmer 125° F: Time to stablize equipmer	it plus I hour
<u>Al3</u> - Master Oscillator 2295527-1		The TVC/CLA may not	have been subjected to the vacuum	condition.
		for Acceptance Test	Flow, see Table I located at the f	ront of this book.
		OPERATIONAL TESTS OPERATIONAL TEST		
		through the RCU, the decoder. The test	that CCIV components are operations command related components from the brough the sync lines to the Camera must also verify the camera's ability to dee, and the monitor's ability to to verify the MDM command path.	/PTU, to the Camera/PTU Command
			Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test	
•		1. Power CCT 2. Via the P test as s 3. Send "Can 4. Select "E 5. Observe v synchroni is receiv synchroni 6. Send Pan via the c 7. Select d 8. Observe	V System. HS panel, select a monitor as desti- ource. HS panel, select a monitor as desti- ource. HS panel, select a monitor as desti- ource. HS panel of the	At if video on monitor is indicates that the camera I that the camera is producing commands and visually (either fy operation. I had not been as source.
0234R	n same in	9. Send "Ca	video routed to womand via PHS pan mera Power Off" command via PHS pan teps 3 through 9 except issue comma ves that the CCTV equipment is oper	nds via the MDM command path. ational.

		·	
FMEA NO 2.2.1 CRIFICALITY _ 2/2	_	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 6 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
o output signal to the VSU. either video or synchronization information is present. Y.C. - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 - Sync formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 Y- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/filters 2294886-503 - Master Oscillator 2295527-1	Loss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Procurement Control — The TVC/CLA EEE Parts and hardwar approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirem contract and Quality Plan Work Statement (WS-2593176). review all procurement documents to establish the need (PAI 517). Incoming Inspection and Storage — Incoming Quality inspeceived materials and parts. Results are recorded by drawing and control numbers for future reference and trare subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called fo Inspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts ar accordance with RCA 1846684 — Preconditioning and Accept Electronic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PIND Mechanical items are inspected per PAI 316 — Incoming Immechanical items, PAI 305 — Incoming Quality Control In PAI 612 — Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchase Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Control under specified conditions until fabrication is require held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition. (PAI Board Assembly & Iest — Prior to the start of IVC board are verified to be correct by stock room personnel, as form a kit. The items are verified again by the operat checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). DCAS are designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and wharness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, sold workmanship prior to coating of the component side of b harnesses. IVC Boards Specific IVC board assembly and test instructions are p applicable documents are called out in the Fabrication (FPR-2294819) and parts list PL2294819. These include 2593660, Process Standard RTV-566 2280881, Process Standard RTV-566 2280881, Process Standard RTV-566 2280881, Process Standard RTV-566 280881, Process St	ents set forth in the CCTV Resident DCAS personnel for GSI on selected parts ections are made on all lot and retained in file by aceability. All EEE parts r in PAI 315 - Incoming e further processed in tance Requirements for testing is not performed. nspection Instructions for spection Instruction, and d Parts Designated for Flight ed Stores and retained d. Non-conforming materials are -307, PAI IQC-531). assembly, all items the items are accumulated to or who assembles the kit by Mandatory Inspection Points elded wire boards, plus er splices and quality oards and sleeving of rovided in drawing notes, and Procedure and Record shuttle IVC assembly notes dard - Bonding Velcro Tape Name Plate Application n - Bonding and Staking ification - locking compound ation - Marking 2280876,

			KEALDED IN-14-
FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 7 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE To output signal to the VSU. Teither video or synchronization Information is present. FYCAUSE TO Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. TO Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 The Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 TO DC-DC converter. Primary Oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 TO Master Oscillator 2295527-1	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Loss of camera output depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE QA/INSPECTION IVC Assembly and Test — An open box test is performed Acceptance Test per TP-AT-2294819, including vibration are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are are checked prior to use. RCA Quality and DCAS inspectompletion of specified FPR operations in accordance wand PAI 217. DCAS personnel witness TVC button-up and IVC/CLA Assembly and Test — After a TVC and an CLA have they are mated and a final acceptance test is performed vibration and thermal vacuum environments. RCA and DC and review the acceptance test data/results. These peconformance after all repair, rework and retest. Preparation for Shipment — The TVC and CLA are separated fabrication and testing is complete. Each is packaged and 2280746, Process standard for Packaging and Handli documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned so this folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is preaccordance with the requirements of WS-2593176. RCA Quality crating, packaging, packing, and marking, and review taccuracy.	per TP-IT-2294819, and an and thermal vacuum. Torques recorded and calibrated tools tions are performed at the ith PAI-204, PAI-205, PAI 206 critical torquing. The has been tested individually, a per TP-AT-2294819, including as personnel monitor these tests recording to CCTV Letter 8011 according to CCTV Letter 8011 agguidelines. All related ABPL, Test Data, etc., is pecifically to each assembly, pared for each assembly in C and DCAS personnel witness

FMEA NO2.2.1 CRITICALITY2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 8 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE To output signal to the VSU. Theither video or synchronization Information is present. VC The Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. The Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501. The Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503. The Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501. The DC-DC converter. Primary Oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/filters 2294886-503. The Master Oscillator 2295527-1.	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Loss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	FAILURE HISTORY TDR - W2644 - Log #0462, TVC S/N F003-502 Description: Integration Testing Failure	imit. (30 minutes into thermal High voltage winding of rmer (sent to vendor for analysis). n. spec control drawing ECN CCTV ower was applied to wrong pins. ss, put +28V to J1-10 and o be repaired by responsible orrective action taken on TVC he following parts are to be eplaced. e occurred at +125°f.
		of solder flowed inside from sleeve thru header <u>Corrective Action</u> : Capacitor ClO removed & rep	

			KEA121ED 11-3-00
FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 8A OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END ITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANG	CE
No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present.	Loss of camera output depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly.	FAILURE HISTORY TDR - W2644 - Log #0462, TVC S/N F003-502 TDR - W2640 - Log #0463, TVC S/N F003-502	
IVC Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501	Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	<u>Description</u> : Integration Testing Failure Box Level Thermal-Vac Hot Environment	
A4 - Sync formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 Ab - Power On/Off Switching		No video from TVC. +28 volt current at 1.5 Amp vac hot test cycle -105 ^o F)	limit. (30 minutes into thermal
Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501	·	<u>Cause</u> : Short in A7 low voltage power supply. transformer)	(High voltage winding of
A?- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A13- Master Oscillator 2295527-1		Corrective Action: Removed and replaced transformers to be purchased per revised 649(83028).	on.
		TDR - W2740 - Log #0486 - TVC S/N 008-502	
		Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure Box Level Ambient Environment REF: VJCS-2-01-0097 unit returned from KSC. (+28V).	Power was applied to wrong pins.
		<u>Cause</u> : Incorrect wiring of shuttle craft harm RTN to 31-9.	ess, put +28V to J1—10 and
		Corrective Action: Wiring of shuttle harness organization. Failure analysis performed and S/N 008. A6 board-failure analysis indicated changed. Q1, Q3, Q12, CR3, CR6, and R51 were	corrective action taken on TVC the following parts are to be
		TDR - W8024 - Log #0530 - TVC S/N 007-502	
•		<u>Description</u> : Acceptance Test failure Box Level Thermal Vac - Hot Environment. TVC drawing excessive current, >1.5A. Failu	re occurred at +125 ⁰ F.
		<u>Cause</u> : Capacitor C10 on the A6 board was foun of solder flowed inside from sleeve thru heade	d to be shorted. A large quantity r.
·		Corrective Action: Capacitor C10 removed & re	placed, (random part failure).

		·	
FMEA NO	_ 	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNITTVC/CLA DWG NO2294819-506, 508/
FAILURE MODE AND	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
CAUSE of output signal to the VSU. either video or synchronization information is present. VC 1 - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. 2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 4 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 6 - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 7 - DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 13 - Master Oscillator 2295527-1	ON END ITEM Loss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	IDR - W6823 - Log #558 - TVC S/N 012-502 Y1771 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 009-502 Y1771 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 009-502 Y1771 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 009-502 Y1770 - Log #567 - TVC S/N 014-502 Y1770 - Log #567 - TVC S/N 010-502 Y1770 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 010-502 Y1770 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 017-502 W1729 - Log #578 - TVC S/N 020-502 Description: Flight failure, Spacecraft Level RMS TV Camera circuit breaker popped open during Cause: Camera low voltage supply has erratic syntemperature. Corrective Action: All flight cameras were returned and retest to ECN C-1881. ECN (C-1881) to the log eliminates the erratic syncronization problem. changed from 2294819-502 to 504 to denote cameras power supply modification. IDR - Y1773 - Log #0570 - TVC S/N 008-502 Description: Flight failure Spacecraft Level (STS-3) TVC not synchronized for approximately 38 minutes from 2294819-502 to 504 to the synchronization was regained at 2°C. Cause: Loss of phase lock due to thermal assymedetector. Corrective Action: CCA 39 has been issued direct heater and sync modifications (ECN CCT 838) to a was modified accordingly. TVC group number has 10 to 10	flight mission STS-3. Incronization mode at low Incred under CCA35 for rework Increduction increduction Incrediction increduction Incrediction increduction Incrediction increduction Incrediction increduction Incrediction increduction Incrediction Incrediction Increduction Incred under CCA35 for rework Increduction Increduction

		REVISIED 11-3-86
FMEA NO. 2.2.1 CRITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present. IVC Al - Sync Generator. Clock Divider Chain 2294880-504. A2 - Camera-Timing Logic 2294881-501 A4 - Sync Formatter. Video output drive 2294884-503 Ab - Power On/Off Switching	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Loss of camera output depicting scene informa- tion within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE FAILURE HISTORY TDR - B-3521 - Log #1165 - TVC S/N 038-508 Description: Acceptance Test Failure
Input Voltage Preregulators Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501 A?- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A13- Master Oscillator 2295527-1		Corrective Action: C14 removed and replaced with new capacitor. Product assurance lab could not find a cause for shorted cap. (Report # B5321A) Considered random failure.

			REVISED 10-14-
FMEA NO. 2.2.1 CRITICALITY 2/2	· ·	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNITTVC/CLA DWG NO2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET9 OF9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTA	ANCE
No output signal to the VSU. Neither video or synchronization information is present. NOTE: NOTE:	Loss of camera output depicting scene information within FOV of lens assembly. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	OPERATIONAL EFFECTS Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission object or other required cameras. CREW ACTIONS If possible, continue RMS operations using alternations.	
drive 2294884-503 <u>Ab</u> - Power On/Off Switching Input Voltage Preregulators		CREW IRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternatives	to CCTV
Output Voltage Regulators 2294885-501		MISSION CONSTRAINT	
A7- DC-DC converter. Primary oscillator driver. Secondary Rectifiers/Filters 2294886-503 A13- Master Oscillator 2295527-1		Where possible, procedures should be designed so the CCTV.	ey can be accomplished without
	•		
·			